

<i>To be completed by the Jury. Participants are not allowed to make notes!</i>						
CODE	Part 1 Max 60		Part 2 Max 40			Total points
	Task 1	Task 2	Task 1	Task 2	Task 3	
	Max 30	Max 30	Max 10	Max 10	Max 20	Max 100

## PHILOSOPHY

### 11<sup>th</sup> Grade Variant 2

to be completed within 120 minutes

Maximum score – 100 points

#### Part 1. (maximum grade - 60 points)

Contemporary philosophers often engage in thought experiments in order to verify their hypotheses, refute their opponents or find new solutions to well-known problems. Please consider a famous thought experiment below. Read the text and answer the questions.

#### Task 1. (30 points)

Imagine you are taking part in an experiment. You are locked in a room, where there is a screen, several books with instructions, and writing implements. The screen displays a question in Chinese, while you don't speak Chinese. However, in the books, you can find an algorithm to develop an answer to any question in Chinese. The algorithm is as follows: "If the question starts with an A character, you should first write a B character," and so forth. You have enough time to find the necessary instructions and answer the question in Chinese so that the experiment's observers would think that you know Chinese.

**Does the person described in the passage actually know Chinese? What's the difference between a native speaker of Chinese and the person in the room? What conclusions might be made about artificial intelligence on the basis of this thought experiment? Please explain your answer.**

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**Task 2. (10 points)**

**Answer the question and justify your position in terms of logic. What is the logically correct conclusion of the following argument?**

If the world is endless, then it doesn't have any boundaries. If it is impossible to know the world in its entirety, our knowledge of it will remain incomplete.

It is incorrect to say that the world has no boundaries and our knowledge will always be incomplete. Therefore...

1. the world has no boundaries.
2. our knowledge of the world will always remain incomplete.
3. the world is endless, or it cannot be known in its entirety.
4. the world is finite, or it can be known in its entirety.
5. the world has boundaries, but our knowledge of it will always be incomplete.
6. none of the above.

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